U.S.S.N. 10/534,780 Huang et al.

Please amend the first full paragraph on page 61 as follows

Transformation of plant tissue such as *Zea maize* for example, can be achieved by sonication of callus tissue culture. Callus tissue was produced as follows. Ears of corn were harvested18 days after silking and surface sterilized in 50% v/v bleach for 20 minutes followed by three washing with sterile distilled water. Immature embryos ranging in size from 2 to 4 mm were harvested from the kernels. Embryos were placed on MSD<sub>1.5</sub> medium (2% sucrose, 1X MS macronutrient and micronutrient salts, 1X MS vitamins, 1.5 mg / L 2,4-D, 0.8% agar, pH 5.8) scutellum side up. Embryos were incubated at 26-28 °C in the dark. Friable callus from 2 week old cultures were transferred to fresh MSD<sub>1.5</sub> medium and further incubated at 26-28 °C in the dark. Friable callus was subcultured to fresh MSD<sub>1.5</sub> medium every 21 days.

Please insert the following Abstract of the invention at the end of the specification

## **ABSTRACT**

The invention provides compositions and methods for regulating the expression of nucleotide sequence of interest in a plant. Compositions include a novel nucleotide sequence comprising a promoter for the hydroxypyruvate reductase gene. Methods for expressing a nucleotide sequence of interest in a plant using the promoter sequences disclosed herein is provided. The method comprises stably incorporating into the genome of a plant cell a nucleotide sequence operably linked to the promoter of the present invention and regenerating a stably transformed plant that expresses the nucleotide sequence.